

August 14, 2017

### **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Secretariat Building, PICC Complex, Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City, 1307

ATTENTION : **DIR. VICENTE GRACIANO P. FELIZMENIO JR.** 

Markets and Securities Regulation Department

via PSE EDGE

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

3rd Floor, Philippine Stock Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City

ATTENTION : MR. JOSE VALERIANO B. ZUÑO III

OIC - Head, Disclosure Department

via electronic mail

PHILIPPINE DEALING & EXCHANGE CORP.

Market Regulatory Services Group 37/F Tower 1, The Enterprise Center 6766 Ayala Avenue corner Paseo de Roxas Makati City

ATTENTION : MS. VINA VANESSA S. SALONGA

Head - Issuer Compliance and Disclosures Department

Gentlemen:

Please see enclosed SEC Form 17-Q (2nd Quarterly Report 2017) of Aboitiz Power Corporation.

Kindly acknowledge receipt hereof.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

**ABOITIZ POWER CORPORATION** 

By:

M. JASMINE S. OPORTO Corporate Secretary

M. Jasmui S. Geots

# **COVER SHEET**

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	(Business Address: No. Street City / Town / Province )  M. JASMINE S. OPORTO  02-886-2729																											
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# **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

# SEC FORM 17-Q

# QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended <u>June 30, 2017</u>
2.	Commission identification number <u>C199800134</u> 3.BIR Tax Identification No. <u>200-652-460-000</u>
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter
	ABOITIZ POWER CORPORATION
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
	Philippines
6.	Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7.	Address of issuer's principal office Postal Code
	32 <sup>nd</sup> Street, Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines 1634
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including area code
	(02) 886-2800
9.	Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
	<u>N/A</u>
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class  Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding (as of June 30, 2017)
	Common Stock P1 Par Value 7,358,604,307
	Amount of Debt Outstanding P213,017,087,000.00
11.	Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?
	Yes [x] No []
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:
	Philippine Stock Exchange Common

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
  - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [x] No [ ]

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [x] No [ ]

#### PART I--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Financial Statements.

Please refer to the financial statements and schedules attached herewith.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of Aboitiz Power Corporation's (AboitizPower, Parent or the Company) consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying schedules and disclosures set forth elsewhere in this report.

## **Key Performance Indicators**

Management uses the following indicators to evaluate the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group"):

1. Share in Net Earnings of Associates and Joint Ventures. It represents the Group's share in the undistributed earnings or losses of its investees for each reporting period subsequent to acquisition of said investment. It also indicates profitability of the investment and investees' contribution to the Group's net income.

Manner of Computation:

Investee's Net Income (Loss) x Investor's % ownership - Goodwill Impairment Cost

- 2. Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA). The Company computes EBITDA as earnings before extra-ordinary items, net finance expense, income tax provision, depreciation and amortization. It provides management and investors with a tool for determining the ability of the Group to generate cash from operations to cover financial charges and income taxes. It is also a measure to evaluate the Group's ability to service its debts.
- **3.** Cash Flow Generated. Using the Statement of Cash Flows, management determines the sources and usage of funds for the period and analyzes how the Group manages its profit and uses its internal and external sources of capital. This aids management in identifying

the impact on cash flow when the Group's activities are in a state of growth or decline, and in evaluating management's efforts to control the impact.

- **4. Current Ratio**. Current ratio is a measurement of liquidity, calculated by dividing total current assets by total current liabilities. It is an indicator of the Group's short-term debt paying ability. The higher the ratio, the more liquid the Group.
- **5. Debt–to–Equity Ratio.** Debt-to-Equity ratio gives an indication of how leveraged the Group is. It compares assets provided by creditors to assets provided by shareholders. It is determined by dividing total debt by stockholders' equity.

The table below shows the comparative figures of the top five key performance indicators for the first half of 2017 and 2016, and as of December 31, 2016:

	JUNE 30, 2017	JUNE 30, 2016	DEC 2016
SHARE IN NET EARNINGS OF ASSOCIATES			
AND JOINT VENTURES	2,412,475	1,601,338	
EBITDA	21,802,581	18,425,325	
CASH FLOW GENERATED:			
Net cash flows from operating activities	16,907,696	17,009,312	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(6,913,929)	(12,110,228)	
Net cash flows (used in) from financing			
activities	(17,266,288)	706,789	
Net (decrease) increase in cash & cash			
equivalents	(7,272,521)	5,605,873	
Cash & cash equivalents, beginning	47,094,741	51,098,269	
Cash & cash equivalents, end	39,831,596	56,662,750	
CURRENT RATIO	1.99		2.25
DEBT-TO-EQUITY RATIO	2.15		2.18

Share in net earnings of associates and joint ventures increased by 51% or by P811 million (mn). The increase is mainly a result of higher income contributions from SN Aboitiz Power-Magat, Inc. (SN AboitizPower-Magat) and SN Aboitiz Power-Benguet, Inc. (SN AboitizPower-Benguet) due to higher volumes sold and higher ancillary revenues.

Consolidated EBITDA grew by 18% year-on-year (YoY) as the six month EBITDA contributions are recognized from the acquisition of GNPower Mariveles Coal Plant Ltd. Co. (GNPower-Mariveles), as well as stronger operating results from various subsidiaries, in particular, the hydroelectric power plants and the distribution utilities.

Cash was used to fund ongoing projects, timely payments of financial obligations, and distribute dividends to the shareholders of the Company.

Current ratio stood at 1.99x at the end of the first half of 2017 versus 2.25x at the end of 2016 as current assets decreased by 11% as a result of lower cash balances at the end of the period.

The debt-to-equity ratio as of June 30, 2017 was at 2.15 ending close to the ratio as of December 31, 2016 of 2.18.

### **Results of Operations**

For the first half of the year, the Company recorded a 2% decrease in net income of P9.72 billion (bn). This translated to earnings per share of P1.32. Non-recurring losses of P744 mn (versus last year's gain of P130 mn) mainly from the revaluation of dollar denominated liabilities were reported during the period. Without these one off losses, core net income grew 6% from P9.83 bn to P10.46 bn.

### **Business Segments**

#### **Power Generation**

AboitizPower's generation business income contribution for the period amounted to P8.14 bn. After taking into account one-off items, the generation business core income contribution for the period amounted to P8.88 bn. This operating segment continues to provide steady contributions accounting for 84% out of business segment income contributions.

Capacity sold increased by 33% YoY, from 2,033 megawatt (MW) to 2,706 MW, mainly driven by the additional capacity of GNPower-Mariveles and higher capacity sold from the hydro units due to better hydrology in 2017.

### **Power Distribution**

For the Distribution group net income contribution increased by 3% YoY for the first half of 2017 to P1.83 bn.

The group's gross margin on a per kilowatt hour (kWh) basis for the period increased to £1.63 from £1.50 in the first half of the year. The improved margins came from better supply mix and recoveries on purchased power costs.

AboitizPower's attributable sales in the distribution group for the period was at 2,546 gigawatt hours (GWh), registering a 1.4% increase from the same period last year.

# Material Changes in Line Items of Registrant's Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

#### **Consolidated Statements of Income**

The various movements in the revenue and expense line items leading to the Consolidated Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent of P9.72 bn for the six month ending June 30, 2017 are shown below:

Consolidated Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent (January	
– June 30 2016)	<del>P</del> 9,957,555
	_
Increase in operating revenues	13,125,955
Increase in operating expenses	-10,485,119
Decrease in interest income	-141,506
Increase in interest expense	-1,587,944
Increase in share in net earnings of associates and joint ventures	811,137
Increase in other expenses	-1,801,662
Lower provision for taxes	144,479
Increase in income attributable to non-controlling interests	-302,333
Total	-236,993
Consolidated Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent (January	
– June 30 2017)	P 9,720,562

### **Operating Revenues**

(30% increase from P43.52 bn to P56.65 bn)

Operating revenues increased by P13.13 bn mainly from the initial half year consolidation of the operating revenues of GNPower-Mariveles. For the period, retail electricity supply companies of the Group also noted higher operating revenues versus the same period last year.

### **Operating Expenses**

(34% increase from P31.03 bn to P41.52 bn)

Consolidated operating expenses increased by P10.49 bn as the Company recognized the operating expenses of GNPower-Mariveles. Higher cost of purchased power at the retail electricity supply companies also contributed to the increase.

#### **Interest Income**

(25% decrease from P565 mn to P424 mn)

As a result of lower average cash balances held during the period versus the same period last year, interest income declined by P142 mn.

### **Interest Expense and Other Financing Costs**

(44% increase from P3.60 bn to P5.19 bn)

The increase is mainly due to the consolidation of interest expense at newly-acquired GNPower-Mariveles, as well as interest expenses on: (i) a new loan of Therma Power, Inc. (TPI) to partly fund the acquisition of partnership interests in GNPower-Mariveles and GNPower Dinginin Ltd. Co., (ii) full half year interest on AP Renewable Inc.'s loan, and (iii) Hedcor Sibulan Inc.'s loan taken out in the last quarter of 2016.

#### **Share in Net Earnings of Associates and Joint Ventures**

(51% increase from P 1.60 bn to P2.41 bn)

Due to better hydrology in the first six months of the year versus significantly low hydrology in 2017 as a result of the El Niño, the year saw better deployment of the capacities at the two large hydroelectric power plants, SN AboitizPower-Magat and SN AboitizPower-Benguet. As a result, higher volumes sold and better ancillary revenues were recognized, which improved earnings contributions from the two large hydro plants.

### Other Income (Expenses) - net

(117% from P1.54 bn other income to P266 mn other expense)

The P1.80 bn change from another income-net to other expense-net position is from the recognition of non-recurring forex losses (versus last year's gain) on the revaluation of dollar-denominated liabilities and mark-to-market of derivatives. Further adding to the downward change is the occurrence of gains last year related to share redemptions, gain on acquisition and supplier settlements.

#### Provision for income tax

(8% decrease from P1.89 bn to P1.74 bn)

Lower taxable income recognized for the period at taxable subsidiaries led to lower provisions for income tax.

#### **Net Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests**

(41% increase from P745 mn to P1.05 bn)

The recognition of the net income attributable to the non-controlling interests of GNPower-Mariveles mainly drove the increase to this account.

### **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

Consolidated comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Parent increased from P9.86 bn in the first half of 2016 to P10.06 bn for the same period in 2017, as the change in cumulative translation adjustments and valuation gains on available-for-sale investments are recognized.

### Changes in Registrant's Resources, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

#### **Assets**

Total assets (as of June 30, 2017 of P354.08 bn versus December 31, 2016 of P354.78 bn) decreased by P692 mn. The major line items accounting for the decrease are as follows:

- a) Lower cash and cash equivalents from P47.09 bn as of ending December 2016 to P39.83 bn as of June 30, 2107, as the Company paid dividends in the first half of the year and timely payments on long term obligations were made.
- b) Inventories decreased by 8% (from P4.45 bn in 2016 to P4.10 bn as of June 2017) due to lower coal inventory held at Therma Luzon, Inc. slightly offset by higher coal inventories at GNPower-Mariveles versus year-end 2016.
- c) The increase in property, plant and equipment is only 3% versus prior year, although it is worth mentioning that the P5.37 bn increase is attributable to the on-going construction of various coal power plants, one in Cebu under Therma Visayas, Inc. (TVI) and a second one under Pagbilao Energy Corporation (PEC) as well as a hydro power plant under Hedcor Bukidnon, Inc. (Hedcor Bukidnon).
- d) Derivative assets (current and noncurrent portions) declined by 6% mainly due to unrealized mark-to-market losses on derivative instruments
- e) Foreign exchange losses on dollar denominated obligations increased the recognition of deferred income tax assets leading to the 5% increase in this account.
- f) Other noncurrent assets increased by 5% as higher input value-added tax (VAT) on construction, VAT refund claims and refundable deposits posted higher balances as of end June 2017.

### Liabilities

Consolidated liabilities decreased by 1% from P243.15 bn as of December 31, 2016 to P241.77 bn as of June 30, 2017.

- a) Short term loans outstanding as of June 30, 2017 increased by 26% (from P4.16 bn as of December 2016 to P5.25 bn as of June 2017) mainly from temporary advances availed by Davao Light & Power Co., Inc. (Davao Light), Hedcor, Inc. and AdventEnergy, Inc. (AdventEnergy).
- b) Interest accretion on Subic Enerzone Corporation's (SEZ) Long-term obligation on power distribution system increased long term obligation on power distribution system by 6%.

- c) Derivative liabilities decreased by 18% due to unrealized mark-to-market changes recognized on outstanding hedging instruments during the current period
- d) Trade and other payables decreased by 5% (from P17.40 bn as of December 31, 2016 to P16.52 bn as of June 2017) as certain subsidiaries settled outstanding obligations on payables to suppliers and output VAT payables.
- e) Recognition of higher tax liabilities at the end of the first half mainly at Visayan Electric Company, Inc. (VECO), led to the 15% increase in the Income tax payable account.
- f) Customer deposits increased by 7% as the customer base at the Company's Retail Electricity Supplier (RES) Licensed Companies Aboitiz Energy Solutions, Inc. (AESI) and AdventEnergy grew during the period. Also contributing to the increase are new connections in the franchise area of Davao Light and VECO as both continue to grow their customer base.
- g) Retention payables to contractors mainly at PEC led to the 16% increase in Other noncurrent liabilities.

### **Equity**

Equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Parent is mostly unchanged from P105.11 bn as of December 31, 2016 to P105.16 bn as of June 30, 2017, as income is recognized during the period and net of dividends paid.

### Material Changes in Liquidity and Cash Reserves of Registrant

The growth in earnings before interest and depreciation continue to bring in robust cash from operations. But as the Company paid down operating liabilities, the overall cash generated from operations for the first half of 2017 of P16.91 bn is slightly lower than the same period last year.

The Group continues to bring several projects into its final phases of completion which led to cash used in investing activities to total P6.91 bn during the first half. As the projects reach the tail end of their construction activities, as expected, the cash outflows have tapered down this period when compared to the P12.11 bn in cash outflows for investing activities in the same period last year.

The Company paid P10.00 bn in dividends to its shareholders, made timely payments on its long-term debt obligations both on principal and interest payments as well as settlements on its finance lease obligation. These activities led to cash used in financing activities of P17.27 bn for the first half of the year versus a P707 mn cash inflow for the same period last year.

As of June 30, 2017, the Group's cash and cash equivalents decreased by 15%, from P47.09 bn as of year-end 2016 to P39.83 bn as of June 30, 2017.

#### **Financial Ratios**

Strong operating cash inflows continue to provide sufficient liquidity for the Company with current ratio at the end of June 30, 2017 at 1.99x from 2.25x as of December 31, 2016, as current assets declined mainly from lower cash and cash equivalents at the end of this reporting period.

Consolidated debt to equity ratio was at 2.15x as of June 30, 2017 which is close to year end 2016's 2.18x with total liabilities and equity as of June 30, 2017 remaining close to the same levels as of year-end 2016.

# Outlook for the Upcoming Year/Known Trends, Events, Uncertainties which may have Material Impact on Registrant

AboitizPower is well-positioned to take advantage of opportunities arising from developments in the power industry. Its sound financial condition will give it the agility to create or acquire additional generating capacity over the next few years.

### I. Generation Business

### 1. Income Tax Holiday

Several of the privatized assets that AboitizPower acquired were eligible for income tax holiday (ITH). Upon the expiration of the ITH, the respective plants are assessed a corporate income tax in accordance with the relevant laws. The remaining privatized asset still on ITH is SN AboitizPower-Benguet's Ambuklao Plant which obtained an ITH extension on February 26, 2013, valid until June 30, 2018.

Among the projects that were constructed, Therma South, Inc., San Carlos Sun Power Inc. and several Hedcor facilities are still on ITH. Recently acquired GNPower-Mariveles is also on ITH. Among those under construction, PEC and Hedcor Bukidnon, which will come online later this year, will commence their ITH.

#### 2. Increase in Attributable Generating Capacity

Notwithstanding the challenges over the short-term, AboitizPower has built the necessary foundation to sustain its growth trajectory over the long term. In line with its robust growth target of building 4,000 MW by 2020, AboitizPower will expand its portfolio of generation assets by implementing the following projects.

Greenfield and Brownfield Developments.

AboitizPower, together with its Subsidiaries and Associates, is in various stages of construction of its Greenfield and Brownfield projects.

420-MW Pulverized Coal-Fired Expansion Unit 3 in Pagbilao, Quezon. This project is undertaken by PEC, a partnership between AboitizPower subsidiary TPI, and TeaM (Philippines) Energy Corporation. The Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) contract was awarded in 2014 to a contractor consortium comprised of Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems Ltd, Daelim Industrial Co, Ltd, DESCO, Inc. and Daelim Philippines, Inc. The plant construction started last September 2014 with target commercial operation planned for December 2017.

340-MW Circulating Fluidized Bed (CFB) Coal-Fired Project in Toledo City, Cebu. This project is undertaken by TVI, a partnership between AboitizPower and the Garcia Group, through Vivant Integrated Generation Corporation and Vivant Energy Corporation. The project involves the construction of a 2 x 170 MW coal-fired power plant. The EPC contract was awarded to Hyundai Engineering Co. Ltd. The Notice to Proceed for all EPC activities was issued on March 18, 2015. Targeted commercial operation is first semester of 2018.

68.8-MW Manolo Fortich Hydropower Plant in Bukidnon. This Project is composed of the 43.4-MW Manolo Fortich Hydro 1 and the 25.4 MW Manolo Fortich Hydro 2 plants which shall be located in the Province of Bukidnon. Both plants are expected to produce at least 350 GWh annually. The construction of the Manolo Fortich Project began in 2015 with a total project cost is estimated at P13 bn and is expected to be completed by October 2017.

<u>8.5-MW Maris Canal Hydropower Plant Project in Ramon Isabela.</u> This project is undertaken by SN AboitizPower-Magat and involves the construction of an 8.5 MW run-of-river hydropower plant. The project, which broke ground in late 2015, is targeted to commence commercial operations in November 2017. As of July 2017, the project is already 85% completed.

Other Greenfield and Brownfield Developments.

668-MW Supercritical Coal-Fired GN Power Dinginin Unit 1 in Bataan. This project is a joint venture of AC Energy Holdings, Inc., Aboitiz Power subsidiary TPI and Power Partners Company, Ltd. The EPC contract for this project has been awarded to Shanghai Electric Power Corporation. Unit 1 is currently under construction and estimated completion is in 2019.

<u>660-MW CFB Coal-Fired Power Plant in Subic.</u> This project is undertaken by Redondo Peninsula Energy, Inc. (RP Energy), a joint venture among Meralco PowerGen Corporation, AboitizPower subsidiary TPI and Taiwan Cogeneration International Corporation. The EPC contract for this project has been awarded to Doosan Lentjes.

On the commercial end, RP Energy signed a Power Supply Agreement (PSA) with Manila Electric Company (Meralco) on April 20, 2016 for a contracted capacity of 225 MW within a 20-year term. The same PSA was filed for approval with the Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC) on April 29, 2016, and its subsequent public hearings were concluded on January 6, 2017. In addition, RP Energy is targeting commercial operations to commence around the third quarter of 2020.

On November 7, 2016, Alyansa Para sa Bagong Pilipinas, Inc. (ABP) filed a petition to the Supreme Court (SC) requesting for the issuance of a temporary restraining order (TRO) to stop the ERC from approving the PSAs between Meralco and several companies including RP Energy. The issue raised by ABP is whether or not the ERC committed abuse of discretion in issuing ERC Resolution No. 1, Series of 2016 which extended from October 2015 to April 2016 the effectivity of ERC Resolution no. 13, series of 2015, that directs all distribution utilities to conduct Competitive Selection Process (CSP) in the procurement process. Moreover, the filed petition points out that these PSAs should be disapproved for failure to comply with the requirements of the DOE Department Circular No. DC2015-06-0008 and ERC Resolution no. 13, Series of 2015, requiring the conduct of CSP.

<u>390-MW Alimit Hydropower Complex in Ifugao</u>. This project is undertaken by SN Aboitiz Power-Ifugao, Inc. (SN AboitizPower-Ifugao) It involves the construction of the 120-MW Alimit hydropower plant, 250 MW Alimit pumped storage facility, and the 20-MW Olilicon hydropower plant. SN AboitizPower-Ifugao is gaining momentum in the permitting process and is expecting to continue working with the government, indigenous peoples' representatives, and industry partners. Foremost here is the Free Prior and Informed Consent from the indigenous peoples. This consent is an important component of the feasibility review for the project.

<u>Hydro in the Philippines.</u> The Hedcor group continually explores hydropower potentials located in Luzon and in Mindanao. Based on exploration, Hedcor sees the potential of building plants with capacities ranging up to 70 MW. When the projects pass the evaluation stage and once permits are secured, the construction period for the hydropower plant facilities will commence.

<u>Hydro in Indonesia.</u> AboitizPower entered into an agreement with SN Power AS and PT Energi Infranusantara to participate in the feasibility studies for the exploration and development of a potential 127 MW hydropower generation project along the Lariang River in Central Sulawesi, Indonesia. The project company, PT Auriga Energi, was awarded the basic license to develop the project. It is currently conducting pre-feasibility studies.

<u>Solar in the Philippines.</u> AboitizPower is continuously looking for opportunities in the solar space.

### 3. Participation in the Government's Privatization Program for its Power Assets

AboitizPower continues to closely evaluate the investment viability of the remaining power generation assets that Power Sector Assets and Liabilities Management (PSALM) intends to auction off.

AboitizPower is also keen on participating in PSALM's public auction for the Independent Power Producer Administrator contracts, which involves the transfer of the management and control of total energy output of power plants under contract with National Power Corporation to the IPP administrators.

# 4. Naga Power Plant

Senator Sergio Osmeña filed a petition for Certiorari with the SC to nullify the right to top granted by PSALM to SPC Power Corporation (SPC) in respect of the 153.1 MW Naga Power Plant Complex bidding and to enjoin the award on the grounds that SPC's right to top is against public policy.

On February 14, 2017, AboitizPower was informed by Therma Power Visayas, Inc. (TPVI) that it received the Entry of Judgment dated January 9, 2017 issued by the Supreme Court. SPC Power Corporation filed Motion for Leave to File and Admit Motion for Reconsideration dated December 9, 2016 and a Supplemental Motion/Petition for Referral to the En Banc dated January 16, 2017 with the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court issued a Resolution dated April 26, 2017 denying both motions filed by SPC Power Corporation. Further, on June 7, 2017 TPVI informed AboitizPower that it received a Notice issued by the Supreme Court formally informing it of the said Resolution. No other pleadings have been filed since.

# II. Distribution Business

AboitizPower remains optimistic that it will realize modest growth on its existing distribution utilities. It continually seeks efficiency and improvements in its operations to maintain healthy margins.

Performance-Based Rate-setting regulation (PBR) replaced the Return on Rate Base (RORB) mechanism which has historically determined the distribution charges paid by customers. Under PBR, distribution utilities can collect from customers over a four-year regulatory period.

The ERC has implemented a Performance Incentive Scheme whereby annual rate adjustments, under PBR, are made. The annual rate adjustments take into consideration the ability of a distribution utility to meet or exceed service performance targets set by the ERC, such as: (i) the average duration of power outages; (ii) the average time of restoration to customers; and (iii) the average time to respond to customer calls. The utilities are either rewarded or penalized, depending on their ability to meet these performance targets.

In April 2016, the ERC posted on its website the following documents: (1) "Draft Rules for Setting Distribution Wheeling Rates or "RDWR" for Privately Owned Distribution Utilities Operating under Performance Based Regulation, First Entry Group, Fourth Regulatory Period"; (2) "Draft Position Paper: Regulatory Reset for the July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2019, Fourth Regulatory Period for the First Entry Group of Privately-Owned Distribution Utilities Subject to Performance Based Regulation"; and (3) "Draft Commission Resolution on the Issues on the Implementation of PBR for Privately Owned DUs under the RDWR". Comments on the said draft documents were submitted to the ERC on May 13, 2016.

Through ERC Resolution No. 25 Series of 2016 dated July 12, 2016, the ERC adopted the Resolution Modifying the Rules for Setting Distribution Wheeling Rates (RDWR) for Privately Owned Distribution Utilities Entering Performance Based Regulation (PBR). Based on said Resolution, the Fourth Regulatory Period shall be as follows:

- (a) Cotabato Light and Power Company: April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2021
- (b) Davao Light and VECO: July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2022
- (c) SEZ and San Fernando Electric Light & Power Co., Inc.: October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2023

On November 21, 2016, the ERC posted for comments the draft "Regulatory Asset Base Roll Forward Handbook for Privately Owned Electricity Distribution Utilities" for comments. Public consultations were conducted on January 6 and 9, 2017 in Cebu and Manila, respectively.

There was a Petition filed by Matuwid na Singil sa Kuryente Consumer Alliance, Inc. (MSK) wherein it proposed a modified RORB methodology or even a modified PBR methodology, in which the distribution utilities' capital expenditures and rate recovery thereon are approved in advance but the charges to the customers will only start after the investments have actually been made and validated by ERC auditors. Public consultations were set by the ERC on March 17 and April 10 in its main office, and on March 22 and 24 in its field offices in Cebu and Davao, respectively.

The ERC on May 9, 2017 posted for comments the draft "Rules for Setting the Distribution System Loss Cap and Establishing Performance Incentive Scheme for Distribution Efficiency" on which the Group's distribition utilities (DUs) submitted its comments. Public consultations were held on May 29 and 30 in the ERC Main Office and on June 1 in Cebu. A focus group discussion was likewise conducted with stakeholders on July 9. Another round of public consultation is scheduled on August 10 in Davao.

On July 18, 2017, the Senate Committee on Energy presided by Sen. Sherwin Gatchalian held a technical working group discussion on the bill lowering the total system loss to be achieved not later than two years after effectivity of the Act. The industry participants were asked to submit its Position Paper on July 24, 2017.

### III. Market and Industry Developments

## 1. Retail Competition and Open Access (Open Access)

The implementation of Open Access starting June 26, 2013 enabled AboitizPower to increase its contracted capacity through the delivery of power to affiliate and non-affiliate RES companies. AboitizPower has two wholly owned Subsidiaries, AESI and AdventEnergy, which are licensed RES.

Since 2013, a number of circulars and resolutions have been released by DOE and ERC to implement and expedite the lowering of the contestability threshold, as well as promote fair competition among RES players.

DOE Circular 2015-06-0010 and ERC Resolutions 5, 10 and 11 Series of 2016 are all subject of a case for Declaratory Relief with the Pasig Regional Trial Court (RTC) filed by Meralco. On July 13, 2016, the Pasig RTC has issued a preliminary injunction enjoining DOE from implementing its Circular and ERC from implementing Resolutions, insofar as they prohibit DUs from engaging in supply business, impose restrictions, contract term limits, mandatory contestability and market caps.

On September 21, 2016, the DOE filed a Petition for Certiorary and Prohibition to the Supreme Court praying, among others, for the nullification of all Orders and Decision of the Pasig RTC. The Supreme Court issued a Resolution on October 10, 2016 granting a TRO to the Pasig RTC from enforcing its decisions, orders, resolutions regarding the abovementioned case until the instant petition is finally resolved.

The ERC issued Resolution 28 Series of 2016 dated November 15, 2016 to revise the timeframe of mandatory contestability from December 26, 2016 to February 26, 2017.

On February 21, 2017, the Supreme Court issued a TRO from the case filed by Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry, San Beda College Alabang Inc., Ateneo de Manila University, and Riverbanks Development Corporation. The TRO enjoined ERC and DOE from implementing Resolution No. 5 Series of 2016, Resolution No. 10 Series of 2016, Resolution No. 11 Series of 2016, Resolution No. 28 Series of 2016 and DOE Circular 2015-06-0010.

### 2. Possibility of Mindanao Wholesale Electricity Spot Market (WESM)

The DOE issued DC 2017-05-0009 entitled "Declaring the Launch of WESM in Mindanao and Providing Transition Guidelines" dated May 4, 2017. The said DOE Circular became effective on June 7, 2017, with pertinent provisions as follows:

- (a) Establishment of Mindanao WESM Transition Committee, which will be one of the committees under the Philippine Electricity Market Corporation (PEMC) Board;
- (b) The launch of WESM Mindanao on June 26, 2017, however, the Commencement of Full Commercial Operations will depend on various conditions precedent, including installation of metering facilities, PDM approval of ERC, trial operations of WESM, among others;
- (c) The conduct of the Trial Operation Program for WESM;
- (d) Automatic termination of Interim Mindanao Electricity Market; and The implementation of an Interim Protocol to govern the dispatch and scheduling of plants, while WESM is still not operational.

#### 3. Reserve Market

The DOE issued Department Circular No. DC2013-12-0027, "Declaring the Commercial Launch for the Trading of Ancillary Service in Luzon and Visayas under the Philippine Wholesale Electricity Spot Market" dated December 2, 2013. The said Department Circular sets the responsibility of the PEMC, National Grid Corporation of the Philippines (NGCP), National Electrification Administration and all WESM Members with regards to the operation of the Reserve Market. No date has been set for the launch of the Reserve Market.

Since ERC has yet to issue the approval for the Price Determination Methodology of the Reserve Market, the DOE and PEMC implemented the Central Dispatch and Scheduling of

Energy and Reserves in the WESM starting January 2016. The protocol follows that of the Reserve Market, however, participants will only be those contracted with NGCP and that no settlement amount will come from WESM.

#### 4. Feed-in-tariff (FIT) scheme

The Renewable Energy Act of 2008 (RE Law) was signed into law by former President Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo on December 16, 2008 and took effect on January 2009. The RE Law offered fiscal and non-fiscal incentives to RE developers, including FIT scheme which gives preferential rates.

In Resolution No. 10, Series of 2012 (as amended by ERC Case No. 2014-004RM), the ERC adopted the following FIT and degression rates for electricity generated from biomass, run-of-river hydropower, solar and wind resources:

	FIT Rate ( <del>P</del> /kWh)	Degression Rate						
Wind	8.53 and 7.40**	0.5% after year 2 from effectivity of FIT						
Biomass	6.63	0.5% after year 2 from effectivity of FIT						
Solar	9.68 and 8.69*	6% after year 1 from effectivity of FIT						
Hydro	5.90	0.5% after year 2 from effectivity of FIT						

<sup>\*</sup>New solar FIT rate as per ERC Case No. 2014-004RM, as necessitated by the new installation target for Solar Energy Generation set by the DOE.

On May 2017, the DOE approved the new FIT-All rate for 2016 at P0.1830/kWh. The new FIT-All rate for 2016 took effect in the immediately succeeding billing period following the receipt by National Transmission Corporation of the aforementioned decision.

On March 2017, ERC issued Resolution No. 1, Series of 2017 "Resolution Setting the Degressed Feed-In tariff Rates for Run-Of-River Hydro and Biomass, as Provided in Section 2.11 of the Feed-In Tariff Rules (FIT Rules)". The degressed rates will be applied for run-of-river hydro and biomass plants which will be on commercial operation from January to December 2017. The degressed rate for hydro is P5.8705/kWh and for biomass is P6.5969/kWh.

## 5. Competitive Selection Process in securing Power Supply Agreements

In 2015, the DOE issued Department Circular No. DC2015-06-0008, entitled "Mandating all Distribution Utilities to Undergo Competitive Selection Process (CSP) in securing Power Supply Agreements (PSA)." The DOE recognizes that CSP in the procurement of PSAs by the distribution utilities ensures long term security and certainty of electricity prices of electric power to end-users.

On November 4, 2015, the ERC issued Resolution No. 13, Series of 2015, entitled "A Resolution Directing All Distribution Utilities to Conduct a Competitive Selection Process in the Procurement of Their Supply in the Captive Market".

This development will increase transparency and competition and is prospective. Hence, will not affect AboitizPower's existing contracts.

<sup>\*\*</sup>New wind FIT rate as per ERC Case No. 2015-002RM, as necessitated by the new installation target for Solar Energy Generation set by the DOE.

### 6. Maintaining the Share of Renewable Energy in the Installed Capacity

The DOE released Department Circular No. DC2015-07-0014, entitled "Prescribing the Policy for Maintaining the Share of Renewable Energy (RE) Resources in the Country's Installed Capacity Through the Wholistic Implementation of the Pertinent Provisions of Republic Act No. 9513 or the RE Act on Feed-In Tariff (FIT) System, Priority and Must Dispatch, Among Others," in August 2015. The pertinent provisions are as follows:

- (a) In order to maintain the share of RE in power generation, the DOE had set a policy of adopting at least 30% share of RE in the country's total power generation capacity through the wholistic implementation of the FIT system and other pertinent provisions under the RE Law and RE Implementing Rules and Regulations;
- (b) The succeeding rounds for the installation targets for FIT-eligible resources shall be made through an auction system to be adopted by the DOE upon the full subscription of the existing FIT installation targets; and
- (c) Compliance with the provisions stated in the Circular shall be deemed compliance with the Renewable Portfolio Standards (RPS).

AboitizPower's current net sellable capacity mix is roughly 68% thermal and 32% renewable. Even with all the new capacity additions, AboitizPower will remain within the said capacity mix. Additionally, the above mentioned auction system has not yet been adopted.

The National Renewable Energy Board (NREB) is in the process of completing the public consultations on the RPS Rules this July 2017. The NREB is targeting to release the RPS Rules in August 2017.

### IV. Capital Expenditure 2017

AboitizPower is allotting P59 bn in capital expenditure this year, of which 74% is for new thermal projects, 8% for new renewable projects and 18% for exploratory and operating activities.

### **PART II--OTHER INFORMATION**

There are no significant information on the company which requires disclosure herein and/or were not included in SEC Form 17-C.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer	ABOITIZ POWER CORPORATION
	· 10
Principal Accounting Officer	Cristina B. Beloria
Signature and Title	Vice President – Controller
Date	1 4 AUG 2017
	M. Jamie S Eport
Authorized Officer of the Issuer	M. Jasmine S. Oporto
Signature and Title	Corporate Secretary and Compliance Officer
Date	1 4 AUG 2017

# **Aboitiz Power Corporation and Subsidiaries**

Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2017 (with Comparative Figures as of December 31, 2016) and
For the Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Amounts in Thousands)

	June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016 (Audited)
ASSETS		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	₽39,831,596	₽47,094,741
Trade and other receivables	15,087,065	15,465,121
Derivative assets	86,967	188,417
Inventories	4,099,023	4,452,812
Other current assets	6,549,155	6,448,096
Total Current Assets	65,653,806	73,649,187
Noncurrent Assets		
Investments and advances	31,946,603	30,595,989
Property, plant and equipment	197,998,820	192,633,546
Intangible assets	43,546,923	43,642,533
Investment properties	3,300	3,300
Derivative assets - net of current portion	1,010,583	977,770
Available-for-sale (AFS) investments - net of allowance		
for impairment of ₽5,254	101,714	100,309
Net pension assets	45,667	45,667
Deferred income tax assets	2,220,971	2,115,951
Other noncurrent assets	11,555,721	11,011,983
Total Noncurrent Assets	288,430,302	281,127,048
TOTAL ASSETS	₽354,084,108	₽354,776,235
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		5.4. <b></b> 200
Short-term loans	₽5,249,800	₽4,155,600
Current portions of:		7.450.000
Long-term debts	7,383,550	7,458,363
Finance lease obligation	2,968,491	2,968,491
Long-term obligation on power distribution system	40,000	40,000
Derivative liabilities	104,881	127,442
Trade and other payables	16,523,340	17,398,218
Income tax payable	753,452	654,392
Total Current Liabilities	33,023,514	32,802,506

(Forward)

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Noncurrent portions of:	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Long-term debts	₽149,208,483	₽150,263,301
Finance lease obligation	48,206,763	49,371,713
Long-term obligation on power distribution system	211,660	197,248
Derivative liabilities – net of current portion	189,234	233,435
Customers' deposits	7,319,569	6,831,242
Asset retirement obligation	1,889,118	1,821,577
Net pension liabilities	247,812	247,387
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,090,419	1,043,996
Other noncurrent liabilities	387,279	334,398
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	208,750,337	210,344,297
Total Liabilities	241,773,851	243,146,803
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		
Paid-in capital	19,947,498	19,947,498
Net unrealized loss on AFS investments	(1,905)	(3,311)
Share in net unrealized valuation gains on AFS investments of an		
associate	114,920	114,920
Cumulative translation adjustments	257,754	(78,232)
Share in cumulative translation adjustments of associates and		
joint ventures	(128,203)	(128,203)
Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans	(608,213)	(607,913)
Share in actuarial losses on defined benefit plans of associates		
and joint ventures	(1,878)	(1,878)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	(259,147)	(259,147)
Excess of cost over net assets of investments	(526,883)	(526,883)
Retained earnings		
Appropriated	34,060,000	34,060,000
Unappropriated	52,310,428	52,597,568
	105,164,371	105,114,419
Non-controlling Interests	7,145,886	6,515,013
Total Equity	112,310,257	111,629,432
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	₽354,084,108	₽354,776,235

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

	Jan – Jun 2017	Jan – Jun 2016	Apr – Jun 2017	Apr – Jun 2016
OPERATING REVENUES	₽56,647,678	₽43,521,723	₽29,856,088	₽22,159,495
OPERATING EXPENSES	41,519,539	31,034,420	21,984,508	16,301,764
FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	423,974	565,480	55,435	290,221
Interest expense and other financing costs	(5,188,229)	(3,600,285)	(2,303,116)	(1,523,701)
	(4,764,255)	(3,034,805)	(2,247,681)	(1,233,480)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Share in net earnings of associates and				
joint ventures	2,412,475	1,601,338	1,070,471	704,018
Others - net	(266,614)	1,535,048	72,445	928,342
	2,145,861	3,136,386	1,142,916	1,632,360
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	12,509,745	12,588,884	6,766,815	6,256,611
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	1,742,239	1,886,718	759,758	903,180
NET INCOME	₽10,767,506	₽10,702,166	₽6,007,057	₽5,353,431
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent	₽9,720,562	₽9,957,555	₽5,347,289	₽4,941,323
Non-controlling interests	1,046,944	744,611	659,768	412,108
Non-controlling interests	₽10,767,506	₽10,702,166	₽6,007,057	₽5,353,431
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE  Basic and diluted, income for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders				
of the parent	₽1.32	₽1.35	₽0.73	₽0.67

See Note I for the computation of Earnings per Common Share.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in Thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Jan – Jun 2017	Jan – Jun 2016	Apr – Jun 2017	Apr – Jun 2016
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Equity holders of the parent	₽9,720,562	₽9,957,555	₽5,347,289	₽4,941,323
Non-controlling interests	1,046,944	744,611	659,768	412,108
	10,767,506	10,702,166	6,007,057	5,353,431
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Movement in cumulative translation adjustments	335,986	(101,619)	320,262	16,279
Movement in unrealized valuation gains on		, , ,		
AFS investments	1,406	-	894	-
Share in movement in cumulative translation				
adjustments of associates and joint ventures	-	3,783	-	(35,796)
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to				
profit or loss in subsequent periods	337,392	(97,836)	321,156	(19,517)
Other comprehensive income that will not be				
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans,				
net of tax	(300)	-	(333)	77
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	337,092	(97,836)	320,823	(19,440)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽11,104,598	₽10,604,330	₽6,327,880	₽5,333,991
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent	₽10,057,654	₽9,859,719	₽5,668,112	₽4,921,883
Non-controlling interests	1,046,944	744,611	659,768	412,108
Non controlling interests	₽11,104,598	₽10,604,330	₽6,327,880	₽5,333,991
	. 11,10 .,330	. 20,00 1,000	. 5,52.,550	. 5,555,551

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017, DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND JUNE 30, 2016

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Dividends Per Share Amounts)

(Unaudited)

					Attributal	ble to Equity Hold	ers of the Parent	i .				_	
	<u> </u>						Share in						
					Share in		Actuarial Gains						
			Share in Net		Cumulative		(Losses)						
			Unrealized		Translation	Actuarial	on Defined						
			Valuation		Adjustments	Gains	Benefit Plans			Retained	l Earnings	=	
		Net Unrealized	Gains on AFS	Cumulative	of Associates	(Losses) on	of Associates	Acquisition of	Excess of cost				
	Paid-in Capital	Investments	Investments of an Associate	Translation Adjustments	and Joint Ventures	Defined Benefit Plans	and Joint Ventures	Non-controlling Interests	over net assets of investment	Annronriated	Unappropriated	Non-controlling Interests	Total
Balances at January 1, 2017	₽19,947,498	(₽3,311)	₽114,920	•	(₽128,203)	(₽607,913)	(₽1,878)		(₽526,883)	₽34,060,000	₽52,597,568	₽6,515,013	₽111,629,432
				(₽78,232)				(F259,147)			<u> </u>		
Net income Other comprehensive income	_	1,406	_	335,986	_	(300)	_	_	-	-	9,720,562	1,046,944	10,767,506 337,092
Other comprehensive income		1,406		333,980	<u>-</u>	(300)							337,092
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	1,406	_	335,986	_	(300)	_		_	_	9,720,562	1,046,944	11,104,598
Cash dividends	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(10,007,702)	_	(10,007,702)
Cash dividends paid to non-													
controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(745,637)	(745,637)
Change in non-controlling interests	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	329,566	329,566
Balances at June 30, 2017	₽19,947,498	(₽1,905)	₽114,920	₽257,754	(₱128,203)	(₽608,213)	(₽1,878)	(₱259,147)	(₽526,883)	₽34,060,000	₽52,310,428	₽7,145,886	₽112,310,257
Balances at January 1, 2016	₽19,947,498	₽-	₽114,920	₽185,431	(₽256,376)	(₽609,066)	(₽3,748)	(₽259,147)	(₽421,260)	₽20,900,000	₽57,970,269	₽4,045,046	₽101,613,567
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,957,555	744,611	10,702,166
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	(101,619)	3,783	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(97,836)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	(101,619)	3,783	_	_	_	_	_	9,957,555	744,611	10,604,330
Step-acquisition to subsidiary	_	_	_	_	-	(1,374)	1,374	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash dividends - ₱1.66 a share	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(12,215,283)	_	(12,215,283)
Cash dividends paid to non-													
controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(951,517)	(951,517)
Change in non-controlling interests	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	(4)	(4)
Balances at June 30, 2016	₽19,947,498	₽-	₽114,920	₽83,812	(₽252,593)	(₽609,066)	(₽3,748)	(₽259,147)	(₽421,260)	₽20,900,000	₽55,712,541	₽3,838,136	₽99,051,093

(Forward)

					Attributal	ole to Equity Hold	ers of the Parent					-	
							Share in						
					Share in		Actuarial Gains						
			Share in Net		Cumulative		(Losses)						
			Unrealized		Translation	Actuarial	on Defined						
			Valuation		Adjustments	Gains	Benefit Plans		_	Retained	Earnings		
		Net Unrealized	Gains on AFS	Cumulative	of Associates	(Losses) on	of Associates	Acquisition of	Excess of cost				
		Loss on AFS	Investments of	Translation	and Joint	Defined	and Joint	Non-controlling	over net assets			Non-controlling	
	Paid-in Capital	Investments	an Associate	Adjustments	Ventures	Benefit Plans	Ventures	Interests	of investment	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Interests	Total
Balances at January 1, 2016	₽19,947,498	₽-	₽114,920	₽185,431	(₽256,376)	(₽609,066)	(₽3,748)	(₽259,147)	(₽421,260)	₽20,900,000	₽57,970,269	₽4,045,046	₽101,613,567
Net income for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	20,002,582	1,501,524	21,504,106
Other comprehensive income		(3,311)	_	(5,697)	128,173	2,527	496	_	-	_	_	(50,966)	71,222
Total comprehensive income (loss)													
for the year	-	(3,311)	_	(5,697)	128,173	2,527	496	-	_	_	20,002,582	1,450,558	21,575,328
Acquisition of subsidiaries	_	_	_	(257,966)	_	_	_	_	(105,623)	_	_	2,584,442	2,220,853
Step-acquisition to subsidiary	_	_	-	-	-	(1,374)	1,374	-	-	-	_	_	-
Cash dividends - ₽1.66 a share	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	(12,215,283)	_	(12,215,283)
Cash dividends paid to non-													
controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,614,684)	(1,614,684)
Appropriation during the year										13,160,000	(13,160,000)	_	_
Change in non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	49,651	49,651
Balances at December 31, 2016	₽19,947,498	(₽3,311)	₽114,920	(₽78,232)	(₽128,203)	(₽607,913)	(₽1,878)	(₽259,147)	(₽526,883)	₽34,060,000	52,597,568	₽6,515,013	₽111,629,432

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in Thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Jan – Jun 2017	Jan – Jun 2016	Apr – Jun 2017	Apr – Jun 2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	<b>₽12,509,745</b>	₽ 12,588,884	₽6,766,815	₽6,256,611
Adjustments for:				
Interest expense and other financing costs	5,188,229	3,600,285	2,303,116	1,523,701
Depreciation and amortization	3,684,203	2,900,092	1,875,855	1,489,754
Unrealized fair valuation loss (gain) on				
derivatives	79,939	155,568	(91,156)	(109,201)
Net unrealized foreign exchange losses	867,543	40,307	330,407	550,693
Write-off of project costs and other assets	994	169,469	994	169,469
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(633)	(1,888)	(48)	(1,567)
Gain on redemption of shares Gain on remeasurement in step acquisition	_	(16,051) (354,736)	_	(16,051) (354,736)
Interest income	(423,974)	(565,480)	(55,435)	(290,221)
Share in net earnings of associates and joint	(423,374)	(303,400)	(33,433)	(230,221)
ventures	(2,412,475)	(1,601,338)	(1,070,471)	(704,018)
Operating income before working capital changes	19,493,571	16,915,112	10,060,077	8,514,434
Decrease (increase) in operating assets	(455,623)	(2,108,195)	1,040,062	(461,146)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	(580,983)	3,838,565	(38,135)	1,253,562
Cash provided by operations	18,456,965	18,645,482	11,062,004	9,306,850
Income and final taxes paid	(1,549,269)	(1,636,170)	(1,442,903)	(1,368,570)
Net cash flows from operating activities	16,907,696	17,009,312	9,619,101	7,938,280
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	20,007,000	17,000,011	3,013,101	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash dividends received	2,051,145	3,101,738	1,269,882	2,585,738
Interest received	602,041	440,403	276,736	248,266
Additional investments	(250,092)	(513,922)	· _	(87,500)
Proceeds from redemption of shares	8,809	51,976	8,809	51,976
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(7,819,127)	(13,759,810)	(3,703,337)	(7,439,289)
Additions to intangible – service concession rights	(21,236)	(24,002)	(10,315)	(7,141)
Increase in other noncurrent assets	(1,485,469)	(1,053,817)	(1,854,167)	(935,881)
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash	_	(352,794)	_	(352,794)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(6,913,929)	(12,110,228)	(4,012,392)	(5,936,625)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0,0 = 0,0 = 0,1	(,,	(1,011,001,	(0,000,000)
Net availments (payments) of short-term loans	1,094,200	(1,824,000)	749,300	(1,620,000)
Proceeds from availment of long-term debt	600,000	20,511,060	_	4,060,922
Payments of long-term debt	(2,956,435)	(92,636)	(468,553)	(32,820)
Payments of finance lease obligation	(2,914,037)	(3,591,145)	(767,358)	(1,451,657)
Changes in non-controlling interests	(427,357)	(951,517)	19,080	(528,085)
Interest paid	(2,654,957)	(1,129,690)	(1,067,212)	(614,457)
Cash dividends paid	(10,007,702)	(12,215,283)	(10,007,702)	(12,215,283)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(17,266,288)	706,789	(11,542,445)	(12,401,380)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		,		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,272,521)	5,605,873	(5,935,736)	(10,399,725)
7.1.2 5.0.1 2 5.1.1.2	(*/=*=/===/	3,003,073	(5,555,755)	(10,000), 10,
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,376	(41,392)	28,750	22,476
	-, 0	( , = , = )	_5,	, 0
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	47,094,741	51,098,269	45,738,582	67,039,999
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	- ,,=	, 3, - 00	-,,	, ,
AT END OF THE PERIOD	₽39,831,596	₽56,662,750	₽39,831,596	₽56,662,750
THE OF THE PENIOD	-33,031,330	-30,002,730	-33,031,330	F30,002,730

# **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULES AND DISCLOSURES**

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Earnings per Share and Exchange Rate Data and When Otherwise Indicated)

A. Components of Other Comprehensive Income		
	Jan-Jun 2017	Jan-Jun 2016
Movement in cumulative translation adjustments	₽335,986	(₱101,619)
Movement in unrealized loss on AFS investments	1,406	_
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	(300)	-
Share in movement in cumulative translation adjustments of associates and joint ventures	_	3,783
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period – net of tax	₽337,092	( <del>2</del> 97,836)

# B. Tax Effects Relating to Each Component of Other Comprehensive Income

	Jan-Jun 2017			
	Before-Tax Tax (Expense)		Net-of-Tax	
	Amount	Benefit	Amount	
Movement in cumulative translation adjustments	₽335,986	₽-	₽335,986	
Movement in unrealized loss on AFS investments	1,406	_	1,406	
Actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	(300)	_	(300)	
Other comprehensive income for the period	₽337,092	₽-	₽337,092	

	Jan-Jun 2016			
	Before-Tax	Tax (Expense)	Net-of-Tax	
	Amount	Benefit	Amount	
Share in movement in cumulative translation adjustments of associates and joint ventures	₽3,783	₽	₽3,783	
Movement in cumulative translation adjustments	(101,619)	_	(101,619)	
Other comprehensive loss for the period	(₽97,836)	₽-	( <del>P</del> 97,836)	

# C. Investments and Advances

The Group's associates and joint ventures and the corresponding equity ownership are as follows:

		% Ownership
	Nature of Business	June 30, 2017
Manila-Oslo Renewable Enterprise, Inc. (MORE) <sup>1</sup>	Holding company	83.33
Maaraw Holdings San Carlos, Inc. (MHSCI) <sup>1</sup>	Holding company	60.00
GNPower Dinginin Ltd. Co. (GNPD)	Power generation	50.00
Hijos de F. Escaño, Inc.	Holding company	46.73
San Fernando Electric Light & Power Co., Inc. (SFELAPCO)	Power distribution	43.78
Pampanga Energy Ventures, Inc.	Holding company	42.84
La Filipina Elektrika, Inc.	Power generation	40.00
San Carlos Sun Power, Inc. (SACASUN) <sup>1</sup>	Power generation	35.00
STEAG State Power, Inc. (STEAG)	Power generation	34.00
AEV Aviation, Inc. (AAI)	Service	26.69
Cebu Energy Development Corporation (CEDC)	Power generation	26.40
Redondo Peninsula Energy, Inc. (RPEI)	Power generation	25.00
Southern Philippines Power Corporation (SPPC)	Power generation	20.00
Western Mindanao Power Corporation (WMPC) <sup>1</sup> Joint ventures.	Power generation	20.00

	June 30, 2017	December 31,2016
Acquisition cost:		
Balance at beginning of the year	₽27,528,339	₽15,892,748
Additions during the year	250,093	11,821,307
Step acquisition to subsidiary	-	(144,691)
Redemptions during the year	(8,809)	(41,025)
Balance at end of period	27,769,623	27,528,339
Accumulated equity in net earnings:		
Balance at beginning of the year	3,618,877	7,340,367
Share in net earnings	2,412,475	3,641,210
Step acquisition to subsidiary	-	(87,437)
Dividends received or receivable	(1,303,145)	(7,275,263)
Balance at end of period	4,728,207	3,618,877
Share in net unrealized valuation gains on AFS		
investment of an associate	114,920	114,920
Share in actuarial losses on defined benefit plans of		
associates and joint ventures	(1,878)	(1,878)
Share in cumulative translation adjustments		
of associates and joint ventures	(128,203)	(128,203)
	32,482,669	31,132,055
Less allowance for impairment losses	568,125	568,125
Investments at equity	31,914,544	30,563,930
Advances	32,059	32,059
	₽31,946,603	₽30,595,989

# D. Joint Operations

		Percentage of
		Ownership
Name of Joint Operation	Nature of Business	June 30, 2017
Pagbilao Energy Corporation (PEC)	Power generation	50.00

<sup>\*</sup> PEC's principal place of business and country of incorporation is the Philippines; No commercial operations as of June 30, 2017.

The Group's share of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and cash flows of joint operations are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis.

# E. Trade and Other Payables

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade payables	₽7,600,174	₽7,591,617
Others	8,923,166	9,806,601
	₽16,523,340	₽17,398,218

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and generally on 30-day terms.

Others include nontrade payables, output VAT, amounts due to contractors, accrued taxes and fees, withholding taxes and other accrued expenses and are generally payable within 12 months from the balance sheet date.

# F. Short-term Loans

	Interest Rate	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Peso loans – financial institutions - unsecured	2.50% - 2.60%	₽1,624,500	₽1,596,100
Temporary advances	2.50%	3,625,300	2,559,500
		₽5,249,800	₽4,115,600

# G. Long-term Debts

	Interest Rate	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Company			
Bonds due 2021	6.10%	₽6,600,000	₽6,600,000
Bonds due 2026	5.21%	3,400,000	3,400,000
Subsidiaries:			
TPI			
Financial institutions - unsecured TVI	LIBOR + 1.10%	31,468,045	31,000,420
Financial institutions - secured	6.02% - 6.23%	27,570,000	27,570,000
GMCP			
Financial institutions - secured	LIBOR + 2.5% - 7.65%	25,968,330	27,116,791
TSI			
Financial institutions - secured	4.50% - 5.14%	23,315,212	23,970,380
APRI			
Financial institutions - secured Hedcor Bukidnon	4.53% - 5.20%	11,249,760	11,874,880
Financial institutions - secured	5.28% - 6.00%	5,677,700	5,677,700
Hedcor Sibulan			
Fixed rate corporate notes	4.11% - 5.32%	4,100,000	4,100,000
Aseagas			
Financial institutions - secured	4.66% - 5.06%	2,368,420	2,434,209
VECO			
Financial institution - unsecured	3.50% - 4.81%	1,379,000	1,379,000
LHC			
Financial institutions - secured	2.00% - 2.75%	1,284,462	1,369,631
DLP			
Financial institution - unsecured	3.50% - 4.81%	1,034,250	1,034,250
HI .	5.250/	500.000	520,000
Financial institution - secured	5.25%	603,000	630,000
SEZ	F C40/ - C OC0/	202 500	202 500
Financial institution - unsecured	5.61% - 6.06%	282,500	282,500
CLP	2.500/ 4.040/	200 050	200.050
Financial institution - unsecured	3.50% - 4.81%	206,850	206,850
Joint operation (see Note D)	4.700/	12 540 500	11 722 500
Financial institutions - secured	4.70% - 6.68%	12,548,500	11,723,500
Add		159,056,029	160,370,111
Add: unamortized portion of embedded de	erivatives	518,178	518,150
Less: deferred financing costs		(2,982,174)	(3,166,597)
Local current portion and of deferred fine	acing costs	156,592,033	157,721,664
Less: current portion - net of deferred finar	icing costs	7,383,550	7,458,363
		₽149,208,483	₽150,263,301

<sup>\*</sup> London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR)

#### H. Debt Securities

The Company registered and issued ₱10 billion worth of peso denominated fixed rate retail bonds on September 10, 2014 under the following terms:

MATURITY	INTEREST RATE	AMOUNT
12-year bonds to mature on September 10, 2026	6.10%/p.a.	₽3,400,000
10-year bonds to mature on September 10, 2021	5.21%/p.a.	₽6,600,000

### I. Earnings Per Common Share

Earnings per common share amounts were computed as follows:

		Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
		2017	2016
a.	Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	₽9,720,562	₽9,957,555
b.	Weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding	7,358,604,307	7,358,604,307
	Earnings per common share (a/b)	₽1.32	₽1.35

There are no dilutive potential common shares as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

### J. Operating Segment Information

Operating segments are components of the Group that engage in business activities from which they may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) to make decisions about how resources are to be allocated to the segment and assess their performances, and for which discrete financial information is available.

For purposes of management reporting, the Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business segment. The Group's identified operating segments, which are consistent with the segments reported to the Board of Directors (BOD), which is the Group's CODM, are as follows:

- "Power Generation" segment, which is engaged in the generation and supply of power to various customers under power supply contracts, ancillary service procurement agreements and for trading in WESM;
- "Power Distribution" segment, which is engaged in the distribution and sale of electricity to the end-users; and
- "Parent Company and Others", which includes the operations of the Company, retail electricity sales to various off takers that are considered to be eligible contestable customers and electricity related services of the Group such as installation of electrical equipment.

The Group has only one geographical segment as all of its operating assets are located in the Philippines.

The Group operates and derives principally all of its revenue from domestic operations. Thus, geographical business information is not required.

Management monitors the operating results of its segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment revenue and segment expenses are measured in accordance with PFRS. The presentation and classification of segment revenue and segment expenses are consistent with the consolidated statement of income. Interest expense and financing charges, depreciation and amortization expense and income taxes are managed on a per segment basis.

The Group has inter-segment revenues in the form of management fees as well as inter-segment sales of electricity which are eliminated in consolidation. The transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices on an arm's-length transaction basis.

Segment assets do not include deferred income tax assets, pension asset and other noncurrent assets. Segment liabilities do not include deferred income tax liabilities, income tax payable and pension liability. Capital expenditures consist of additions of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset - service concession rights. Adjustments as shown below include items not presented as part of segment assets and liabilities.

Financial information on the operations of the various business segments are summarized as follows:

June 30, 2017

	Parent				
	Power	Power	Company/	Eliminations and	
	Generation	Distribution	Others	Adjustments	Consolidated
REVENUE					
External	₽27,419,817	₽21,471,250	₽7,756,611	₽	₽56,647,678
Inter-segment	8,647,870	336,429	1,443,005	(10,427,304)	_
Total Revenue	₽36,067,687	₽21,807,679	₽9,199,616	(10,427,304)	₽56,647,678
Segment Results	₽12,344,931	₽2,489,059	₽ 294,149	₽-	₽15,128,139
Unallocated corporate income - net	(616,433)	352,516	(2,697)	_	(266,614)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	₽11,728,498	₽2,841,575	₽291,452	-	₽14,861,525
Interest expense	(4,754,702)	(137,967)	(295,560)	_	(5,188,229)
Interest income	352,095	14,408	57,471	_	423,974
Share in net earnings of associates and					
joint ventures	2,322,980	87,499	10,094,741	(10,092,745)	2,412,475
Provision for income tax	(873,122)	(733,633)	(135,484)	-	(1,742,239)
NET INCOME	₽8,775,749	₽2,071,882	₽10,012,620	(₱10,092,745)	₽10,767,506
OTHER INFORMATION					
Investments	₽30,609,740	₽874,042	₽111,237,757	(₱110,806,995)	₽31,914,544
Segment Assets	₽266,808,141	₽25,683,710	₽120,554,415	(₽58,962,158)	₽354,084,108
Segment Liabilities	₽209,087,129	₽19,309,566	₽14,578,589	(₽1,201,433)	₽241,773,851
Depreciation and Amortization	₽3,163,521	₽431,247	₽11,206	₽78,229	₽3,684,203

### June 30, 2016

			Parent		
	Power	Power	Company/	Eliminations and	
	Generation	Distribution	Others	Adjustments	Consolidated
REVENUE					
External	₽17,529,401	₽21,785,566	₽4,206,756	₽-	₽43,521,723
Inter-segment	7,518,524	-	1,389,822	(8,908,346)	_
Total Revenue	₽25,047,925	₽21,785,566	₽5,596,578	(8,908,346)	₽43,521,723
Segment Results	₽9,762,324	₽2,476,900	₽248,079	₽-	₽12,487,303
Unallocated corporate income - net	940,430	388,617	206,001	_	1,535,048
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	₽10,702,754	₽2,865,517	₽454,080	-	₽14,022,351
Interest expense	(3,187,758)	(104,382)	(308,145)	_	(3,600,285)
Interest income	379,371	11,437	174,672	_	565,480
Share in net earnings of associates and					
joint ventures	1,535,487	64,704	9,934,944	(9,933,797)	1,601,338
Provision for income tax	(1,035,005)	(735,796)	(115,917)	_	(1,886,718)
NET INCOME	₽8,394,849	₽2,101,480	₽10,139,634	(₽9,933,797)	₽10,702,166
OTHER INFORMATION					
Investments	₽21,425,508	₽924,465	₽105,131,432	(₱104,890,994)	₽22,590,411
Segment Assets	₽223,732,755	₽24,233,524	₽120,046,917	(₱106,352,523)	₽261,660,673
Segment Liabilities	₽134,286,628	₽15,791,447	₽24,320,268	(₱11,788,763)	₽162,609,580
Depreciation and Amortization	₽2,473,141	₽363,947	₽10,448	₽52,556	₽2,900,092

### K. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents and long-term debts. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finances for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial instruments such as trade and other receivables, AFS investments, short-term loans, trade and other payables, finance lease obligation, long-term obligation on power distribution system and customers' deposits, which generally arise directly from its operations.

The Group also enters into derivative transactions, particularly foreign currency forwards, to economically hedge its foreign currency risk from foreign currency denominated liabilities and purchases.

#### Risk Management Structure

The BOD is mainly responsible for the overall risk management approach and for the approval of risk strategies and principles of the Group.

#### Financial risk committee

The Financial Risk Committee has the overall responsibility for the development of risk strategies, principles, frameworks, policies and limits. It establishes a forum of discussion of the Group's approach to risk issues in order to make relevant decisions.

# Treasury service group

The Treasury Service Group is responsible for the comprehensive monitoring, evaluating and analyzing of the Group's risks in line with the policies and limits.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk resulting from movements in interest rates that may have an impact on outstanding long-term debt; credit risk

involving possible exposure to counter-party default on its cash and cash equivalents, AFS investments and trade and other receivables; liquidity risk in terms of the proper matching of the type of financing required for specific investments; and foreign exchange risk in terms of foreign exchange fluctuations that may significantly affect its foreign currency denominated placements and borrowings.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of not meeting obligations as they become due because of the inability to liquidate assets or obtain adequate funding. The Group maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to finance its operations. Any excess cash is invested in short-term money market placements. These placements are maintained to meet maturing obligations and pay any dividend declarations.

In managing its long-term financial requirements, the Group's policy is that not more than 25% of long-term borrowings should mature in any twelve-month period. 4.81% of the Group's debt will mature in less than one year as of June 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016: 4.81%). For its short-term funding, the Group's policy is to ensure that there are sufficient working capital inflows to match repayments of short-term debt.

The financial assets that will be principally used to settle the financial liabilities presented in the following table are from cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables. Cash and cash equivalents can be withdrawn anytime while trade and other receivables are expected to be collected/realized within one year.

The following tables summarize the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as of June 30, 2017 based on contractual undiscounted principal payments:

	Total carrying		Contractual un	discounted princ	cipal payments	
	value	Total	On demand	<1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years
Trade and other payables	₽13,449,244	₽13,449,244	₽ 7,932	₽13,441,312	₽-	₽-
Customers' deposits	7,319,569	7,319,569	_	-	56,771	7,262,798
Short-term loans	5,249,800	5,249,800	3,625,300	1,624,500	_	_
Finance lease obligation	51,175,254	78,332,885	_	8,123,775	38,107,890	32,101,220
Long-term obligation on power						
distribution system	251,660	440,000	_	40,000	200,000	200,000
Long-term debts	156,592,033	159,574,207	_	7,383,550	67,216,672	84,973,985
Derivative liabilities	294,115	294,115	_	104,881	189,234	_
-	₽234,331,675	₽264,659,820	₽3,633,232	₽30,718,018	₽105,770,567	₽124,538,003

### Market Risk

The risk of loss, immediate or over time, due to adverse fluctuations in the price or market value of instruments, products, and transactions in the Group's overall portfolio (whether on or off-balance sheet) is market risk. These are influenced by foreign and domestic interest rates, foreign exchange rates and gross domestic product growth.

### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to its long-term debt obligations. To manage this risk, the Group determines the mix of its debt portfolio as a function of the level of current interest rates, the required tenor of the loan, and the general use of the proceeds of its various fund raising activities. As of June 30 2017, 25% of the Group's

long-term debt had annual floating interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 2.75%, and 75% have annual fixed interest rates ranging from 4.28% to 7.65%. As of December 31, 2016, 25% of the Group's long-term debt had annual floating interest rates ranging from 1.88% to 3.00%, and 75% have annual fixed interest rates ranging from 4.28% to 7.65%.

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, by maturity, of the Group's financial instruments that are exposed to cash flow interest rate risk:

### As of June 30, 2017

	<1 year	1-5 years	>5 years	Total
Floating rate - long-term debt	₽1,315,911	₽36,423,873	₽2,122,513	₽39,862,297
As of December 31, 2016				
	<1 year	1-5 years	>5 years	Total
Floating rate - long-term debt	₽1,608,637	₽38,308,317	₽-	₽39,916,954

Interest on financial instruments classified as floating rate is repriced at intervals of less than one year. Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument. The other financial instruments of the Group that are not included in the above tables are non-interest-bearing and are therefore not subject to interest rate risk. The Group's derivative assets and liabilities are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings):

	Increase	Effect
	(decrease) in	on income
	basis points	before tax
June 30, 2017	200	(₽797,246)
	(100)	398,623
June 30, 2016	200	(₽29,013)
	(100)	14,507

The Group's sensitivity to an increase/decrease in interest rates pertaining to derivative instruments is expected to be insignificant due to their short-term maturities and immateriality relative to the total assets and liabilities of the Group.

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the consolidated statements of income.

The interest expense and other finance charges recognized according to source are as follows:

	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
	2017	2016
Short-term loans and long-term debt	₽3,027,870	₽1,307,760
Finance lease obligation	2,143,308	2,227,226
Customers' deposits	2,640	1,944
Other long-term obligations	14,411	63,355
	₽5,188,229	₽3,600,285

### Foreign exchange risk

The foreign exchange risk of the Group pertains significantly to its foreign currency denominated obligations. To manage its foreign exchange risk, stabilize cash flows and improve investment and cash flow planning, the Group enters into foreign currency forward contracts aimed at reducing and/or managing the adverse impact of changes in foreign exchange rates on financial performance and cash flows. Foreign currency denominated borrowings account for 40% of total consolidated borrowings as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Presented below are the Group's foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, translated to Philippine Peso:

	June 30, 2017		December	31, 2016
		Philippine Peso		Philippine Peso
	US Dollar	equivalent1	US Dollar	equivalent <sup>2</sup>
Loans and receivables:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$149,668	₽7,553,744	\$14,990	₽745,303
Trade and other receivables	1,028	51,870	266	13,231
Derivative assets	2,700	136,257	1,098	54,595
Total financial assets	153,396	7,741,871	16,354	813,129
Other financial liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	13,148	663,577	26,578	1,321,455
Long-term debt	623,500	31,468,045	623,500	31,000,420
Finance lease obligation	537,858	27,145,693	555,448	27,616,875
Total financial liabilities	1,174,506	59,277,315	1,205,526	59,938,750
Total net financial liabilities	(\$1,021,110)	(₱51,535,444)	(\$1,189,172)	(₽59,125,621)

¹\$1 = ₽50.47

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US dollar exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before tax as of June 30, 2017:

	Increase/ (decrease)	Effect on income
	in US Dollar	before tax
US Dollar denominated accounts	US Dollar strengthens by 5%	( <del>2,583,585</del> )
US Dollar denominated accounts	US Dollar weakens by 5%	2,583,585

The increase in US Dollar rate represents the depreciation of the Philippine Peso while the decrease in US Dollar rate represents appreciation of the Philippine Peso.

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

### Credit risk

For its cash investments (including restricted portion), AFS investments and receivables, the Group's credit risk pertains to possible default by the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these investments. With respect to cash investments and AFS investments, the risk is mitigated by the short-term and/or liquid nature of its cash investments mainly in bank deposits and placements, which are placed with financial institutions and entities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>\$1 = ₽49.72

of high credit standing. With respect to receivables, credit risk is controlled by the application of credit approval, limit and monitoring procedures. It is the Group's policy to only enter into transactions with credit-worthy parties to mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk. The Group ensures that sales are made to customers with appropriate credit history and it has internal mechanisms to monitor the granting of credit and management of credit exposures.

#### **Concentration Risk**

Credit risk concentration of the Group's receivables according to the customer category as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is summarized in the following table:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Power distribution:		_
Industrial	₽4,483,933	₽3,589,973
Residential	1,532,050	1,324,289
Commercial	563,103	545,173
City street lighting	104,699	31,196
Power generation:		
Power supply contracts	6,759,221	6,945,891
Spot market	1,412,012	1,480,162
	₽14,855,018	₽13,916,684

## **Capital Management**

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by equity plus net debt. The Group's policy is to keep the gearing ratio at 70% or below. The Group determines net debt as the sum of interest-bearing short-term and long-term loans (comprising long-term debt and finance lease obligation) less cash and short-term deposits (including restricted cash).

Gearing ratios of the Group as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Short-term loans	₽5,249,800	₽4,155,600
Long-term debt	207,767,287	210,061,868
Cash and cash equivalents	(39,831,596)	(47,094,741)
Restricted cash	(992,306)	(2,100,611)
Net debt (a)	172,193,185	165,022,116
Equity	112,310,257	111,629,432
Equity and net debt (b)	₽284,503,442	₽276,651,548
Gearing ratio (a/b)	60.5%	59.6%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the period ended June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

#### L. Financial Instruments

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which the financial instrument could be sold in a current transaction between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily available from an exchange, dealer, broker, pricing services or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. For a financial instrument with an active market, the quoted market price is used as its fair value. On the other hand, if transactions are no longer regularly occurring even if prices might be available and the only observed transactions are forced transactions or distressed sales, then the market is considered inactive. For a financial instrument with no active market, its fair value is determined using a valuation technique (e.g. discounted cash flow approach) that incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price.

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments whose fair values are different from their carrying amounts.

	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Amounts	Values	Amounts	Values
Financial Liabilities				
Finance lease obligation	₽51,175,254	₽46,462,982	₽52,340,204	₽49,699,074
Long-term debt - fixed rate	116,729,736	115,310,415	117,804,710	117,710,942
Long-term obligation on power				
distribution system	251,660	358,653	237,248	414,135
	₽168,156,650	₽162,132,050	₽170,382,162	₽167,824,151

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, short-term loans and trade and other payables. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, short-term loans and trade and other payables approximate fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

*Fixed-rate borrowings*. The fair value of fixed rate interest-bearing loans is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans.

Floating-rate borrowings. Since repricing of the variable-rate interest bearing loan is done on a quarterly basis, the carrying value approximates the fair value.

*Finance lease obligation.* The fair value of the finance lease obligation was calculated by discounting future cash flows using applicable interest rates.

Long-term obligation on PDS. The fair value of the long-term obligations on power distribution system is calculated by discounting expected future cash flows at prevailing market rates.

*Customers' deposits.* The fair value of bill deposits approximates the carrying values as these deposits earn interest at the prevailing market interest rate in accordance with regulatory guidelines. The timing and related amounts of future cash flows relating to transformer and lines and poles deposits cannot be reasonably and reliably estimated for purposes of establishing their fair values using an alternative valuation technique.

AFS investments. These are carried at cost less impairment because fair value cannot be determined reliably due to the unpredictable nature of cash flows and lack of suitable methods of arriving at reliable fair value.

Derivative financial instruments. The fair value of forward contracts is calculated by reference to prevailing interest rate differential and spot exchange rate as of valuation date, taking into account its remaining term to maturity. The fair value of the embedded prepayment options is determined using Binomial Option Pricing Model which allows for the specification of points in time until option expiry date. This valuation incorporates inputs such as interest rates and volatility. The fair value of the interest rate swap and interest rate cap are determined by generally accepted valuation techniques with reference to observable market data such as interest rates.

The movements in fair value changes of all derivative instruments for the period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
At beginning of year	₽805,310	₽563,366
Additions due to business combinations	_	523,752
Net changes in fair value of derivatives designated		
as accounting hedges	(23,149)	36,859
Net changes in fair value of derivatives not		
designated as accounting hedges	(79,939)	(127,039)
Fair value of settled instruments	101,213	(191,628)
At end of period	₽803,435	₽805,310

## Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As of June 30, 2017, the Group held the following financial instruments that are measured and carried or disclosed at fair value:

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Carried at fair value:				_
Derivative asset	₽1,097,550	₽-	₽1,097,550	₽-
Derivative liability	294,115	_	294,115	_
Disclosed at fair value:				
Finance lease obligation	46,462,982	_	_	46,462,982
Long-term debt - fixed rate	115,310,415	-	_	115,310,415
Long-term obligation on PDS	358,653	_	_	358,653

During the period ended June 30, 2017, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurement.

### M. Disclosures

### 1. Corporate Information

Aboitiz Power Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 13, 1998. The Company is a publicly-listed holding company of the entities engaged in power generation and power distribution in the Aboitiz Group. As of June 30, 2017, Aboitiz Equity Ventures, Inc. (AEV, also incorporated in the Philippines) owns 76.88% of the Company. The ultimate parent of the Company is Aboitiz & Company, Inc. (ACO).

The registered office address of the Company is 32nd street, Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City, Metro Manila.

### 2. Group Information

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company, subsidiaries controlled by the Company and joint operation that are subject to joint control (collectively referred to as "the Group"). The following are the subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	Nature of Business	Percentage Ownership			
		June 30, 2	017	December 31, 2016	
		Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Aboitiz Renewables, Inc. (ARI) and Subsidiaries	Power generation	100.00	-	100.00	_
AP Renewables, Inc. (APRI)	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Hedcor, Inc. (HI)	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Sibulan, Inc. (HSI)	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Hedcor Tudaya, Inc. (Hedcor Tudaya)	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Luzon Hydro Corporation (LHC)	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
AP Solar Tiwi, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Aseagas Corporation (Aseagas) *	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Bakun Power Line Corporation*	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Cleanergy, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Cordillera Hydro Corporation*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Benguet, Inc.*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Bukidnon, Inc. (Hedcor Bukidnon)*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Kabayan, Inc. *	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Ifugao, Inc.*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Kalinga, Inc.*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00

		Percentage Ownership			
		June 30, 20	017	December 31	, 2016
	Nature of Business	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Hedcor Itogon Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	-	100.00
Hedcor Manolo Fortich, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Mt. Province, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Sabangan, Inc. (Hedcor Sabangan)	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Hedcor Tamugan, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Kookaburra Equity Ventures, Inc.	Holding company	-	100.00	_	100.00
Mt. Apo Geopower, Inc.*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Negron Cuadrado Geopower, Inc. (NCGI)*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Tagoloan Hydro Corporation*	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Luzon Hydro Company Limited*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Hydro Electric Development Corporation*	Power generation	-	99.97	_	99.97
Therma Power, Inc. (TPI) and Subsidiaries	Power generation	100.00	_	100.00	-
Therma Luzon, Inc. (TLI)	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Marine, Inc. (Therma Marine)	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mobile, Inc. (Therma Mobile)	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma South, Inc. (TSI)	Power generation	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Power-Visayas, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Central Visayas, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Subic, Inc.*	Power generation	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles Holdings L.P.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles, LLC	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles Consulting Services, LLC	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles Camaya B.V.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Mariveles Holdings, Inc.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
GNPower Mariveles Coal Plant Ltd. Co. (GMCP)	Power generation	-	82.82	_	82.82
Therma Dinginin L.P.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Dinginin, LLC	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Dinginin Offshore Services Inc.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Dinginin Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Dinginin B.V.	Holding company	-	100.00	_	100.00
Therma Dinginin Holdings, Inc.	Holding company	_	100.00	_	100.00
AboitizPower International Pte. Ltd.	Holding company	100.00	_	100.00	_
Aboitiz Energy Solutions, Inc. (AESI)	Retail electricity supplier	100.00	_	100.00	_
Adventenegy, Inc. (AI)	Retail electricity supplier	100.00	_	100.00	_
Balamban Enerzone Corporation (BEZ)	Power distribution	100.00	_	100.00	_
Lima Enerzone Corporation (LEZ)	Power distribution	100.00	-	100.00	-
Mactan Enerzone Corporation (MEZ)	Power distribution	100.00	_	100.00	_
East Asia Utilities Corporation (EAUC)	Power generation	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Cotabato Light and Power Company (CLP)	Power distribution	99.94	_	99.94	_
Cotabato Ice Plant, Inc.	Manufacturing	_	100.00	_	100.00
Davao Light & Power Company, Inc. (DLP)	Power distribution	99.93	_	99.93	_
Subic Enerzone Corporation (SEZ)	Power distribution	65.00	34.98	65.00	34.98
Cebu Private Power Corporation (CPPC)	Power generation	60.00	-	60.00	-
Prism Energy, Inc. (PEI)*	Retail electricity supplier	60.00	-	60.00	_
Visayan Electric Company (VECO)	Power distribution	55.26	-	55.26	-

<sup>\*</sup> No commercial operations as of June 30, 2017.

# 3. Basis of Financial Statement Preparation and Changes in Accounting Policies

## Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the December 31, 2016 annual audited consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial

statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Philippine peso, the Group's functional currency, and rounded to the nearest thousands except for earnings per share and exchange rates and when otherwise indicated.

On July 24, 2017, the Audit Committee of the BOD approved and authorized the release of the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### **Changes in Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the new and revised PFRS and Philippine Interpretations which the Group has adopted starting January 1, 2017. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Except as otherwise indicated, adoption of these new and revised standards and interpretations did not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements:

 Amendment to PFRS 12, Clarification of the Scope of the Standard (Part of Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2014-2016 cycle)

The amendments clarify that the disclosure requirements in PFRS 12, other than those relating to summarized financial information, apply to an entity's interest in a subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate (or a portion of its interest in a joint venture or an associate) that is classified (or included in a disposal group that is classified) as held for sale.

Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows, Disclosure Initiative

The amendments to PAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses). On initial application of the amendments, entities are not required to provide comparative information for preceding periods.

The Group is not required to provide additional disclosures in its condensed interim consolidated financial statements, but will disclose additional information in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

 Amendments to PAS 12, Income Taxes, Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses

The amendments clarify that an entity needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount.

Entities are required to apply the amendments retrospectively. However, on initial application of the amendments, the change in the opening equity of the earliest comparative period may be recognized in opening retained earnings (or in another component of equity, as appropriate), without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity. Entities applying this relief must disclose that fact.

# 4. Seasonality of Interim Operations

Operations of hydropower plants are generally affected by climatic seasonality. Seasonality and location have a direct effect on the level of precipitation. In Luzon where rainy and summer seasons are more pronounced, higher rainfall is normally experienced in the months of June to September. As such, the hydropower plants located in Luzon operate at their maximum capacity during this period. In contrast, the hydropower plants in Mindanao experience a well-distributed rainfall throughout the year, with a slightly better precipitation during the months of December to April. This precipitation seasonality greatly affects subsidiary companies HI, HSI, Hedcor Tudaya, Hedcor Sabangan and LHC, which operate 'run-of-river' hydropower plants since these plants do not have any means to impound water.

Any unexpected change in the seasonal aspects will have no material effect on the Group's financial condition or results of operations.

## 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Group's additions to property, plant and equipment amounted to \$\mathbb{P}7.84\$ billion, including acquisition of distribution assets amounting to \$\mathbb{P}1.01\$ billion, and costs relating to the construction of power plant facilities.

A significant portion of the Group's property, plant and equipment relates to various projects under "Construction in progress" as of June 30, 2017, as shown below:

Project Company	Estimated cost to complete (in millions)	% of completion
TVI	₽13,807	64%
PEC (see Note D)	7,756	65%
Hedcor Bukidnon	4,733	58%

For the period, construction costs for the various projects amounted to ₹6.36 billion, which includes capitalized borrowing costs amounting to ₹1.37 billion.

### 6. Material Events and Changes

a) Acquisition of additional interest in San Carlos Sun Power Inc. ("Sacasun")

On July 10, 2017, the Company, through AboitizPower International Pte. Ltd. (API), signed a compromise agreement with SunE Solar B.V. ("SunE Solar"), for API to acquire the entire issued and outstanding shares of SunE Solar in Sunedison Philippines Helios BV (SPHBV). SPHBV owns 40% equity interest in MHSCI and Sacasun.

The compromise agreement settles the joint venture issues and provides an exit for SPHBV in the Sacasun project. It will also enable API to acquire all the interests of SunE Solar in MHSCI and Sacasun. As a result, the Company, which already owns 60% of MHSCI and Sacasun, through ARI, will increase its ownership to 100%.

The transaction is subject to certain conditions precedents, and is currently pending for approval by the Philippine Competition Commission (PCC) or for confirmation by the PCC that PCC notification is not necessary for the sale.

### b) ₱3 billion bond issuance

On June 19, 2017, the Company obtained the approval of the SEC in relation to its application for the issuance of fixed-rate retail bonds in the aggregate amount of up to ₱30 billion (the "Bonds").

The first tranche equivalent to \$\mathbb{2}\$3 billion was issued on July 3, 2017, while the remaining balance shall be lodged under the shelf registration program of the SEC to be issued in future tranches. The first tranche has a fixed interest rate of 5.3367% per annum and will mature on July 3, 2027.

The Bonds have been rated "PRS Aaa" by Philippine Rating Services Corporation.

### c) Dividend declaration

On March 7, 2017, the BOD approved the declaration of regular cash dividends of ₱1.36 a share (₱10.01 billion) to all stockholders of record as of March 21, 2017. These dividends were paid on April 10, 2017.

Except for the above developments and as disclosed in some other portions of this report, no other significant event occurred that would have a material impact on the registrant and its subsidiaries, and no other known trend, event or uncertainty came about that had or were reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on revenues or income from continuing operations, since the end of the most recently completed fiscal year. There were also no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the continuing operations of the registrant and its subsidiaries.

Other than those disclosed above, no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons entities or other persons were created during the interim period.

There were also no events that would trigger substantial direct or contingent financial obligations or cause any default or acceleration of an existing obligation.

Likewise, there were no other material changes made in such items as: accounting principles and practices, estimates inherent in the preparation of financial statements, status of long-term contracts, changes in the composition of the issuer, and reporting entity resulting from business combinations or dispositions.

Lastly, there were no changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim period and financial year that would have a material effect in the current interim period.

## 7. Material Adjustments

There were no material, non-recurring adjustments made during period that would require appropriate disclosures. All other adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

# 8. Contingencies

The Group is a party to certain proceedings and legal cases with other parties in the normal course of business. The ultimate outcome of these proceedings and legal cases cannot be presently determined. Management, in consultation with its legal counsels, believes that it has substantial legal and factual bases for its positions and is currently of the opinion that the likely outcome of these proceedings and legal cases will not have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position and operating results. It is possible, however, that the future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings and legal cases.

The Company obtained Standby Letters of Credit and is acting as surety for the benefit of certain associates and a subsidiary in connection with loans and credit accommodations.

# N. Schedule of Relevant Financial Ratios

	Formula	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
LIQUIDITY RATIOS			
Current ratio	Current liabilities	2.0	2.2
Acid test ratio	Cash + Marketable securities	1.7	1.9
SOLVENCY RATIOS			
Debt to equity ratio	Total liabilites  Total equity	2.2	2.2
Asset to equity ratio	Total Assets Total Equity	3.2	3.2
Net debt to equity ratio	Debt - Cash & cash equivalents  Total Equity	1.5	1.5
Gearing ratio	Debt - Cash & cash equivalents  Total Equity + (Debt - Cash & cash equivalents)	60.5%	59.6%
Interest coverage ratio	EBIT Interest expense	n.a.	4.8
PROFITABILITY RATIOS			
Operating margin	Operating profit  Total revenues	n.a.	29.5%
Return on equity *	Net income after tax  Total equity	n.a.	22.6%

Ratio marked \* is deemed not applicable (n.a.) for the interim reporting period since this would not be comparable to the ratio reported in the previous period.

# 1) AGING OF RECEIVABLES AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total
Trade receivables:					
Power Distribution Customers	3,169,567	365,798	78,847	795,142	4,409,354
Power Generation Customers	5,155,375	526,159	86,104	2,403,595	8,171,233
Management & Other Services Customers	2,270,446	-	ı	3,985	2,274,431
	10,595,388	891,957	164,951	3,202,722	14,855,018
Less : Allowance for impairment losses					1,964,774
Net trade receivables					12,890,244
Non-trade receivables	1,873,807	9,109	89,591	224,313	2,196,821
Grand Total	12,469,195	901,066	254,542	3,427,036	15,087,065

# 2) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DESCRIPTION

Type of Receivable	Nature / Description	<b>Collection Period</b>
Trade	uncollected billings to customers for sale of power, goods and services	30 - 60 days
Non-Trade	claims, operating cash advances and advances to suppliers & employees	30 - 120 days

# 3) NORMAL OPERATING CYCLE

**Power Subsidiaries** 

Distribution - 60 days Generation - 65 days